

Outpatient • Office Based • Non-Operating Room

Society for Ambulatory Anesthesia (SAMBA) Statement on COVID-19 Testing Before Ambulatory Anesthesia 4/30/2020

As the number of patients affected with COVID-19 begins to level off, many states have eased restrictions for resuming elective surgeries. Accordingly, health care facilities are planning a stepped approach to resume care as outlined in our previous SAMBA
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Many patients have delayed time-sensitive procedures that may be having negative consequences. SAMBA reiterates our previous advice urging providers to consider the burden of COVID-19 locally, the availability of resources such as PPE, numbers of hospitalized COVID-19 patients and the ability to test patients preoperatively.

Testing for the SARS-CoV-2 virus, which is responsible for COVID-19, has been limited by a variety of barriers such as the number of test kits and the logistics of testing outpatients. In our previous <u>statement</u> we urged screening all patients before anesthesia for symptoms of COVID-19 and testing all patients as feasible. SAMBA is offering additional guidance to our member facilities and members regarding SARS-CoV-2 testing as we resume elective procedures.

SAMBA supports the <u>statement</u> issued by our affiliate society, The American Society of Anesthesiologists (ASA) and the Anesthesia Patient Safety Foundation (APSF), dated 4/29/2020 that corroborates our <u>previous recommendations</u> to screen for symptoms and test all patients scheduled for elective surgery.

We further recommend and clarify:

- 1. All patients should be asked about symptoms of COVID-19. These include well-known symptoms like fever, cough, dyspnea, malaise, and myalgias. In addition, many are advocating screening for more atypical symptoms such as nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and loss of smell and taste.
- 2. Symptomatic and SARS-CoV-2 virus positive patients should be referred to appropriate resources and have elective procedures postponed.
- 3. We recommend that patients are screened and tested as close to procedures as possible. Timing depends on available logistics and resources. We recommend testing 24-48 hrs before planned procedures and no greater than 72 hrs as feasible.
- 4. Once patients are tested they should be encouraged to self-isolate leading up to their procedures.
- 5. Patients who have negative tests and continue to screen negative for COVID-19 like symptoms until the time of surgery can proceed with their planned elective surgery.
 - However, given the known false negative rates of testing (up to 30%) even a negative test does not guarantee non-infectivity. Therefore, SAMBA continues to endorse that all staff should wear appropriate masks at all times while in the facility. And, they should wear N-95 masks, and goggles or face shields for aerosol generating procedures (AGP) such as, upper and lower GI endoscopy, bronchoscopy, head and neck and airway procedures, intubation and extubation.
- 6. We warn our members and facilities that different states have different mandates and policies for testing for all patients before non-emergency surgeries so we urge everyone to be familiar with and follow local, county and state requirements.
- 7. Antibody testing does not replace testing for the SARS-CoV-2 virus, as currently little is known about its protective value and some patients do not develop antibodies with COVID-19. Antibody testing should not be performed for patient triaging.

In conclusion, SAMBA supports screening and testing all patients before non-emergency procedures or surgeries, if at all feasible.